



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
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Federal Department of Foreign Affairs FDFA

State Secretariat
Prosperity and Sustainability Division
2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development



Objectifs de Développement Durable (ODD) en Suisse avec une focalisation sur la science des données

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La mise en oeuvre des ODD en Suisse

Markus Reubi

Délégué du Conseil fédéral pour l'agenda 2030
DFAE

Menu

1. Agenda 2030:

- What is it?
- What does it mean for Switzerland?
- Where do we stand?
- Priorities moving forward?

2. The role of Science, Technology and Innovation

3. The role of data



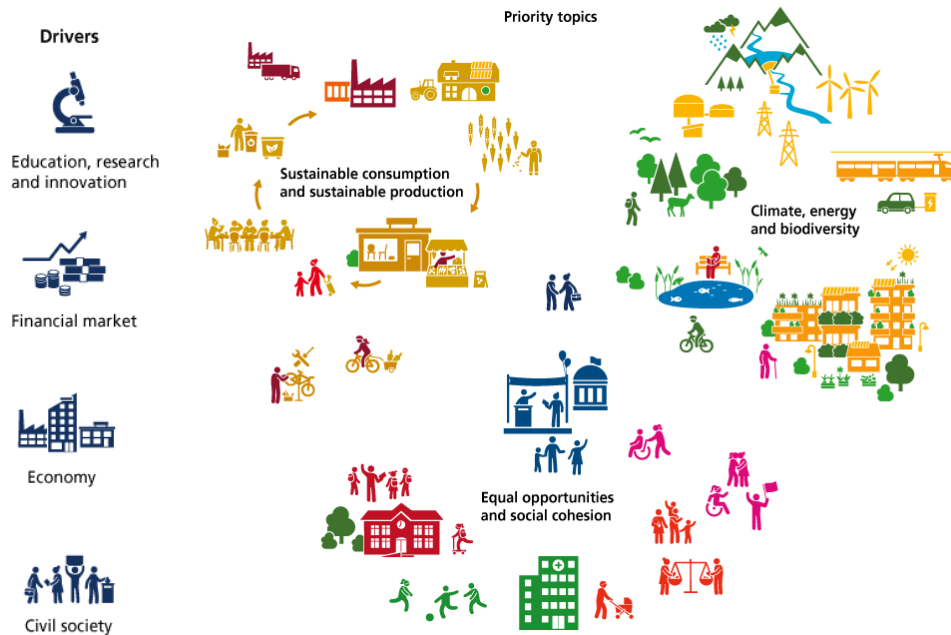
Agenda 2030: What is it?

KEY FEATURES

- 2015: Adoption of Framework with 17 goals and 169 targets by all 193 UN member states
- 3D: Ecological, Economical and Social
- Inclusive and ambitious



Agenda 2030 – what does it mean for Switzerland?



1 Sustainable consumption and sustainable production

- Consumption and production models are based on a high consumption of resources
- Negative effects of consumption behavior in Switzerland on other countries
- Developing a sustainable food system

2 Climate, energy and biodiversity

- An ambitious undertaking: reduce emissions to net zero by 2050
- Conscious, anticipative approach to natural hazards
- Expand power generation from renewable energies, increase energy efficiency and reduce energy consumption
- Preserve, promote and restore biodiversity

3 Equal opportunities and social cohesion

- Challenges in social mobility and migratory background
- Adoption of the Gender Equality Strategy 2030
- Increase in the proportion of women in the national as well as cantonal parliaments
- Challenges: reconciliation of work and family life; wage equality, and combating gender-based violence



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Agenda 2030 – what does it mean for Switzerland?

Homepage Voluntary National Review Switzerland's priorities Stakeholders Interactions

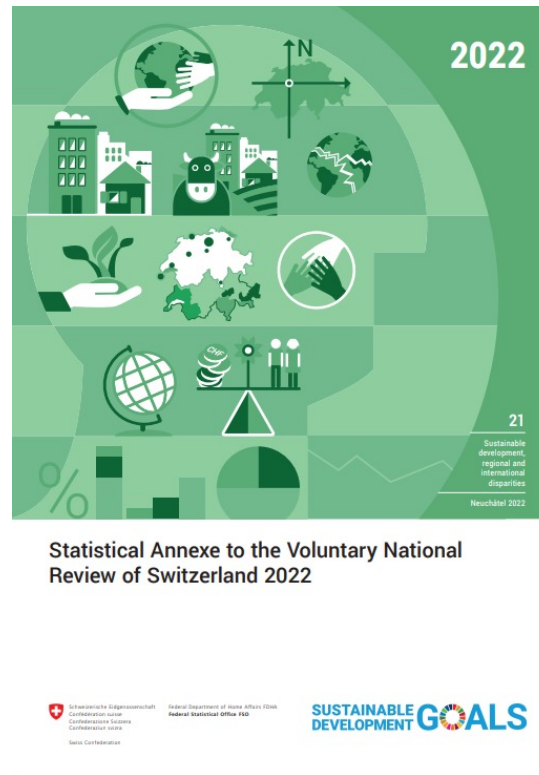
2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Stocktaking Survey of Switzerland

www.SDGital2030.ch


Keynote Speech, 17 octobre, 2023

Agenda 2030 – what does it mean for Switzerland?



Keynote Speech, 17 octobre, 2023

Agenda 2030: Where do we stand at halftime?



THE SDGs ARE OFF TRACK

- If we continue at current pace, we will **MEET ONLY 15% OF TARGETS**
 - The crises that have wiped out years of SDG progress are **INTERRELATED**, fueling intensities
 - There is **RISING AWARENESS AND COMMITMENTS** to the SDGs, but this needs to translate into action
- **LEADERS** must address medium- and long-term trends that are having systemic effects across the SDGs while dealing with immediate crises

Agenda 2030: Priorities moving forward



SDG STIMULUS IS NEEDED

→ **Additional 500 BILLION USD / YEAR to support sustainable development in the Global South**

→ **In his intervention, Swiss President Alain Berset underlined the importance of «BETTER DATA FOR BETTER DECISIONS», «LISTENING TO SCIENTISTS» and «APPLYING TECHNOLOGIES FOR THE GLOBAL GOOD»**

→ **Implementation requires the active mobilization of political leadership and ambition for science-based transformations**

Role of Science, Technology, and Innovation













SDG 9

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation and foster innovation

The task with SDG 9 is to build resilient infrastructures. To make both these and industries sustainable, by 2030 resources must be employed more efficiently, and clean and environmentally friendly technologies and industrial processes promoted alongside education, research and innovation.

Indicators for the monitoring in Switzerland

		Expenditure on R&D Expenditure on R&D 3,1% in comparison to the GDP in 2019 +0.9% pp since 2000
		Material intensity 77 index points (2000=100) in 2019 -23 points since 2000
		Traffic congestion 17 hours in 2020 +13,265 hours since 2000

		Modal split in freight transport 37% by rail in 2019 -5.2 pp since 2000
		Distance from home to public transport 344 meters in 2020 No significant evolution since 2015

Source: FSO – MONET 2030



Role of Science, Technology, and Innovation

SDGs related to human well-being of particular relevance:

- *Health (SDG 3)*
- *Clean Water and Sanitation (SDG 6)*
- *Clean Energy (SDG 7)*
- *Decent Work (SDG 8)*
- *Climate Change (SDG 13)*

→ S, T and I are inherently linked



Role of data: what is it all about?

- Independence of data collection
- Visual presentation counts
- Good data doesn't fall from heaven
- Untapped potential
 - for many of 169 goals / 217 indicators
 - in many of the 193 UN member states
 - within many organizations in their alignment with the SDGs

→ ***Better data for better decisions***

Role of data: why Switzerland?

- Strong track record (i.e. negotiations for the 2030 Agenda)
 - Pioneer spirit (FOS, universities and research institutions)
 - Credibility
 - International engagement
 - UN Statistical Commission
 - UN World Data Summit
 - Bilateral cooperation projects
- *Switzerland is uniquely positioned to take a leading role***



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Thank you for your kind attention



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