

Equivariant Cohomology Models for Differentiable Stacks



Luis Alejandro Barbosa-Torres

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Our goal

What we have

- 1 The concept of an action by a Lie group on a stack \mathcal{M} and the concept of equivariant morphism.
- 2 The quotient stack \mathcal{M}/G .

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What we want

- 1 Find an atlas, $Y \rightarrow \mathcal{M}/G$, for the quotient stack \mathcal{M}/G .
- 2 Describe the Lie groupoid $(Y \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} Y \rightrightarrows Y)$ associated to \mathcal{M}/G .
- 3 Compute the homotopy type of \mathcal{M}/G , that is,

$$\| \text{Nerve} (Y \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} Y \rightrightarrows Y) \|.$$

2-Yoneda Lemma

Theorem

Let \mathcal{M} be a stack over Diff and T a smooth manifold. There is an equivalence of categories

$$\text{Hom}_{\text{Stacks}}(T, \mathcal{M}) \cong \mathcal{M}(T).$$

Differentiable G -Stack

Definition

A G -stack \mathcal{M} is called a *differentiable G -stack* if there is a smooth manifold X with an action by G and an equivariant morphism of G -stacks $p : X \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ such that p is an atlas. The map $X \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ is then called a G -atlas of \mathcal{M} .

Differentiable G -Stack

There exists a canonical map $q : \mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}/G$ induced by trivial principal G -bundles.

Proposition

The map $q : \mathcal{M} \rightarrow \mathcal{M}/G$ has local sections.

Proof

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 G \times U_i & \longrightarrow & E & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{M} \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \\
 U_i & \longrightarrow & T & &
 \end{array}$$

Differentiable G -Stack

Proposition

Let $X \xrightarrow{p} \mathcal{M}$ be a G -atlas. Then we get an atlas for the quotient stack given by $X \xrightarrow{p} \mathcal{M} \xrightarrow{q} \mathcal{M}/G$.

Proof

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & U_{ij} \times_{\mathcal{M}} X & \longrightarrow & X \\
 & \nearrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow p \\
 & & U_i \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} \mathcal{M} & \xrightarrow{\text{red}} & \mathcal{M} \\
 & & \downarrow & & \downarrow q \\
 U_{ij} & \longrightarrow & U_i & \xrightarrow{\text{red}} & T & \xrightarrow{\text{green}} & \mathcal{M}/G
 \end{array}$$

Cohomology of Quotient Stacks

Homotopy type

The homotopy type for the quotient stack is given by the fat geometric realisation of the Lie groupoid $(X \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} X \rightrightarrows X)$

Proposition

We have the equivalences of stacks

$$X \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} X \cong (G \times X) \times_{\mathcal{M}} X \cong G \times (X \times_{\mathcal{M}} X)$$

For this, we consider the 2-commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 E & \longrightarrow & G \times X & \xrightarrow{\sigma} & X \\
 \downarrow \mu_1 & & \downarrow id_G \times p & & \downarrow p \\
 G \times X & \xrightarrow{id_G \times p} & G \times \mathcal{M} & \xrightarrow{\mu} & \mathcal{M} \\
 \downarrow Pr_2 & & \downarrow Pr_2 & & \downarrow q \\
 X & \xrightarrow{p} & \mathcal{M} & \xrightarrow{q} & \mathcal{M}/G
 \end{array}$$

The Lie groupoid structure

How to find them

We have the following maps

$$(x, g \cdot y : q \circ p(x) \rightarrow q \circ p(g \cdot y))$$

$$((g, x), g \cdot y; g \cdot p(x) \rightarrow p(g \cdot y))$$

$$(g, (x, y; p(x) \rightarrow p(y)))$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 X \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} X & \longrightarrow & X \\
 \uparrow \mathbb{R} & & \\
 (G \times X) \times_{\mathcal{M}} X & & \\
 \uparrow \mathbb{R} & & \\
 G \times (X \times_{\mathcal{M}} X) & &
 \end{array}$$

The Nerve

How to find them

In general, we get that for a $n + 1$ -product

$$X \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} X \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} \cdots \times_{\mathcal{M}/G} X \cong G^n \times X_n.$$

Using the same idea as before we get the faces.

Faces of the Nerve

For $T \in \text{Diff}$,

$$\partial_i : G^{n+1} \times X_{n+1}(T) \rightarrow G^n \times X_n(T)$$

such that

$$\partial_i(g_1, g_2, \dots, g_{n+1}, (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n+2}; p(x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p(x_{n+2})))$$

is equal to

$$(g_2, g_3, \dots, g_{n+1}, \pi_1(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n+2}; p(x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p(x_{n+2})))$$

$$(g_1, \dots, g_i \cdot g_{i+1}, \dots, g_{n+2}, \pi_i(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n+2}; p(x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p(x_{n+2})))$$

$$(g_1, g_2, \dots, g_n, g_{n+1} \cdot \pi_{n+2}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{n+2}; p(x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p(x_{n+2})))$$

Simplicial action on the nerve

If we consider the fibered n -product $X_n = X \times_{\mathcal{M}} \dots \times_{\mathcal{M}} X$, we define

$$\sigma_{n,T} : G \times X_n(T) \rightarrow X_n(T)$$

such that

$$\begin{aligned} & \sigma_{n,T}(g, (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; p(x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p(x_n))) \\ &= (g \cdot x_1, g \cdot x_2, \dots, g \cdot x_n; p(g \cdot x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p(g \cdot x_n)) \end{aligned}$$

this morphism is well-defined since there exists

$g \cdot p(x_1) \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow g \cdot p(x_n)$ and $g \cdot p(z) \cong p(g \cdot z)$ for any $z \in X(T)$.

One step up

Theorem

For a bisimplicial smooth manifold $X_{\bullet, \bullet}$, we have that there are homeomorphisms such that:

$$\| X_{\bullet, \bullet} \| \cong \| p \mapsto X_{p,p} \| \cong \| p \mapsto q \mapsto X_{p,q} \| \cong \| q \mapsto p \mapsto X_{p,q} \| .$$

Then we can consider the bisimplicial smooth manifold $\{G^\bullet \times X_\bullet\}$ given by $G^p \times X_q$ with horizontal faces given by the previous ones and vertical ones by the induced ones by X_\bullet . Then we notice that diagonal of this bisimplicial smooth manifold coincides with nerve we describe before.

If we consider the bisimplicial smooth manifold $\{G^\bullet \times X_\bullet\}$, then

Theorem

$$H^*(\mathcal{M}/G, \mathbb{R}) \cong H^*(EG \times_G \|\!| X_\bullet \|\!|, \mathbb{R})$$

with $\|\!| X_\bullet \|\!|$ the fat geometric realisation of the stack \mathcal{M} .

Classical Case

What happen if $\mathcal{M} = X$ a smooth manifold?

Definition

Let G be a Lie group and \mathcal{M} a differentiable G -stack with a G -atlas $X \xrightarrow{p} M$. The *equivariant cohomology* of \mathcal{M} , $H_G^*(\mathcal{M}, \mathbb{R})$, is given by

$$H_G^*(\mathcal{M}, \mathbb{R}) = H^*(\mathcal{M}/G, \mathbb{R}).$$

Cartan Model

Complex of Equivariant Forms.

Let X_\bullet be a simplicial smooth manifold and G a compact Lie group acting on X_\bullet . Consider the complex C^\bullet given by

$$C^r = \bigoplus_{r=n+q} \Omega_G^q(X_n)$$

with differential $d_G + (-1)^q \partial$, where d_G is the Cartan differential and ∂ is the differential associated to the simplicial structure of X_\bullet .

Cohomology of Cartan Model

Proposition

If G is a connected compact Lie group, we have that

$$H_G^*(X_\bullet) \cong H^*(EG \times_G \|\! \| X_\bullet, \mathbb{R})$$

with $\|\! \| X_\bullet$ the fat geometric realisation of the simplicial manifold X_\bullet constructed from the atlas.

Cohomology of Cartan Model

Proof

Consider the double complexes $F^{\bullet, \bullet}$ and $C^{\bullet, \bullet}$

$$F^{s,n} = \bigoplus_{q+p=s} \Omega^q(G^p \times X_n)$$

and

$$C^{s,n} = \Omega_G^s(X_n)$$

Then we can consider the spectral sequences given by $E_0^{s,n} = F^{s,n}$ and

Cohomology of Cartan Model

Proof

Then we have the following spectral sequences:

$$E_0^{s,n} = F^{s,n} \longrightarrow E_0^{ls,n} = C^{s,n}$$

$$E_1^{s,n} = H_G^s(X_n, \mathbb{R}) \xrightarrow{\cong} E_1^{ls,n} = H_G^s(X_n)$$

$$E_\infty^{s,n} = H_G^{s+n}(\Omega^*(G^\bullet \times X_\bullet)) \xrightarrow{\cong} E_\infty^{ls,n} = H^{s+n}(C^\bullet)$$

Cohomology of Cartan Model

Theorem

Let \mathcal{M} be a differentiable G -stack with a G -atlas $X \rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ with G a connected compact Lie group. Then

$$H_G^*(\mathcal{M}) \cong H_G^*(X_\bullet).$$

Thank you

¡Gracias!