



A new web site for running HYSPLIT for volcanic ash

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Background: The HYSPLIT transport and dispersion model is run operationally by the NOAA National Weather Service (NWS) to support the U.S. Volcanic Ash Advisory Centers (VAACs). For relatively large eruptions, the NWS issues a HYSPLIT output graphical product, showing discernible ash, as a supplemental product, i.e. in addition to the Volcanic Ash Advisories in text and graphical format (VAA/VAG). The supplemental product has 8 maps per page (4 layers in the vertical by 2 valid times).

A new web interface to run HYSPLIT in a non-operational setting is available on the ARL website <http://www.ready.noaa.gov/hysplitashc-bin/dispascr.pl>. Output graphics are one map per page, allowing improved graphical depiction at individual output layers / times compared to the NWS-issued product. In addition, there is more flexibility in terms of model input eruption source parameters and output layers. This new web capability currently only allows simulation of transport and dispersion from historical eruptions. Our plan is to convert this web interface to be consistent with that for non-volcanic ash HYSPLIT ARL web applications (http://www.ready.noaa.gov/HYSPLIT_disp.php) and then add real-time forecast capability. This volcanic ash forecast capability may be transferred to operations at the NWS.

Other R&D includes promoting global harmonization to minimize differences in the provision of volcanic ash information to the aviation community, improving quantitative ash forecasts, both in terms of eruption source parameters (ESP) and inverse modeling, and participating in the development of a volcanic ash dispersion model evaluation database (see Mastin et al, this workshop) to enhance confidence levels in the model output. *This research is in response to requirements and funding by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA).*

Basic info (heights in meters or feet)

Source Term Parameters

Start time (UTC):	<input type="button" value="help"/>	year 13	month 09	day 22	hour 00
Source latitude:		34.5	degrees		
Source longitude:		131.6	degrees (West is negative)		
Ash column top:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	10000	meters, msl		
Ash column bottom:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	640	meters, msl (summit=640 m)		
Eruption duration:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	1	hour(s)	0	minutes

Graphics formats

Output Parameters

Concentration Output Units	<input type="button" value="help"/>	kg	per cubic meter (deposition per square meter, unless chose ashfall (mm))			
Plot projection:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Default	<input type="radio"/> Polar	<input type="radio"/> Lambert	<input type="radio"/> Mercator	<input type="radio"/> Cyl. Equidistant
Plot resolution (dpi):	<input type="button" value="help"/>	96				
Zoom factor:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	70				
U.S. county borders?	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No			
Google Earth output of contours?	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No			
Postscript file?	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No			
Create PDF file of graphics?	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No			

Runtime parameters (number of layers)

Runtime Parameters

Total duration:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	3	hour(s)		
Sampling Type	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Average	<input type="radio"/> Snapshot	<input type="radio"/> 1-Hour "Snapshot"	
Averaging period/Snapshot interval:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	3	hour(s)		
Concentration Grid Resolution (decimal degrees):	<input type="button" value="help"/>	-1			
Concentration Grid Domain Size (decimal degrees):	<input type="button" value="help"/>	-1	latitude	-1	longitude
Top of Layer 3:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	18000	meters MSL (must be >= 100m)		
Top of Layer 2:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	12000	meters MSL (must be >= 100m)		
Top of Layer 1:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	6000	meters MSL (must be >= 100m)		
Bottom of Layer 1:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	0	meters MSL		

GSD

Advanced Source Term - Particle (grain) size distribution (GSD)

<input type="button" value="help"/>	4-character ID	mass fraction (sum must equal 1)	diameter (um)	density (g/cc)	shape factor
	Bin 1: par1	0.008	0.6	2.5	1.0
	Bin 2: par2	0.067	2.0	2.5	1.0
	Bin 3: par3	0.257	6.0	2.5	1.0
	Bin 4: par4	0.668	20.0	2.5	1.0

Vertical distribution

Advanced Source Term - Vertical ash distribution

Vertical ash distribution:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	Near-uniform (k=2)
		Near-uniform (k=2)
		Umbrella, full column (k=8)
		Umbrella, partially elevated (k=15)
		Umbrella, elevated (k=35)

Eruption rate calculation*

Advanced Source Term - Ash eruption rate

Ash eruption rate (kg/s) =	<input type="button" value="help"/>	0.03	x	55	x	ash column top	^	4.5
		m63 (fraction)		constant		(km)		exponent

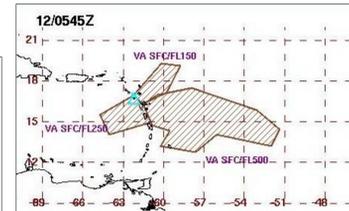
*Mastin et al., 2009: A multidisciplinary effort to assign realistic source parameters to models of volcanic ash-cloud transport and dispersion during eruptions, *Journal of Volcanology and Geothermal Research*, 186:10-21.

Deposition/Ashfall

Deposition/Ashfall Parameters

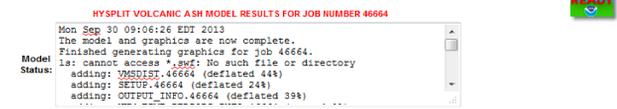
Wet deposition of particle: In-cloud (L/L) and below-cloud (1/s):	<input type="button" value="help"/>	3.2E+05	5.0E-05
Sum deposition over total run time?:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No
Ash bulk density:	<input type="button" value="help"/>	2.5	grams / cubic cm
Deposition/Ashfall Output Units	<input type="button" value="help"/>	mass per area	

Example VAG – Soufriere Hills observation valid 0545 UTC Feb. 12 ash at 3 levels
<http://www.ssd.noaa.gov/VAAC/ARCH10/archive.htm>



Example – Soufriere Hills, model results eruption start, 17 UTC February 11, 2010 model results valid 06 UTC February 12

Model Results (Concentrations)



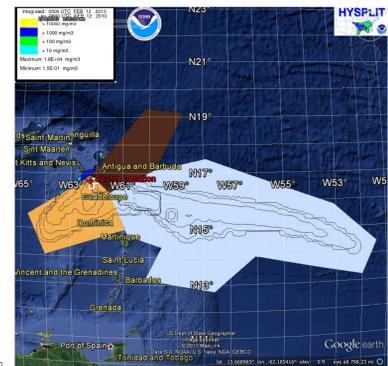
OVERALL RESULTS	Click on text link or dropdown menu to view images.			
	GIF Plots	Animated GIF Plots	Google Earth Plots	Google Maps
Ash Concentration	13 Go	GIF	KMZ	KMZ
Mass loading	-- Go	GIF	KMZ	KMZ
Particle Positions	-- Go	GIF	-	-
Time of Arrival	GIF	-	-	-

ASH CONCENTRATION RESULTS BY SUB-LAYER	Click on text link or dropdown menu to view images.			
	GIF Plots	Animated GIF Plots	Google Earth Plots	Google Maps
Layer 3 - 60000 ft, msl	-- Go	GIF	KMZ	KMZ
Layer 2 - 25000 ft, msl	-- Go	GIF	KMZ	KMZ
Layer 1 - 15000 ft, msl	-- Go	GIF	KMZ	KMZ

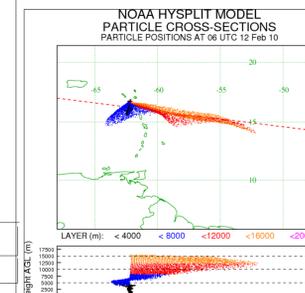
Links to other output files and programs

- ▶ Zipped file of all graphics and diagnostics
- ▶ Redraw the ash concentration graphics without rerunning the model.
- ▶ HYSPLIT Binary concentration file.
- ▶ HYSPLIT SETUP file.
- ▶ HYSPLIT CONTROL file.
- ▶ HYSPLIT MESSAGE (diagnostics) file.
- ▶ MESSAGE file format help (pdf)

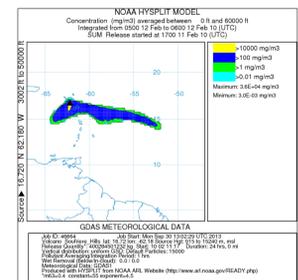
HYSPLIT output in 3 layers in Google Earth format with corresponding VAG observations (VAG below left)



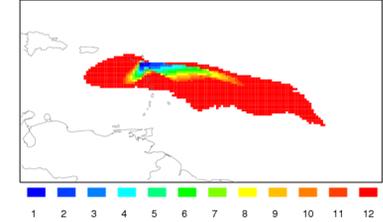
HYSPLIT 3-D particle positions



HYSPLIT concentration, all layers - use Mastin et al (2009)* eqn.



Plume Arrival (h) from Base Time
Base Time = 17z 11 Feb 2010; species = ASH; level(m) = 18288



Time of arrival hours since eruption start all layers

First, choose meteorology, volcano, and whether using ESP

Second, set altitude units, number of output layers, ashfall, GSD, non-uniform vertical distribution, and eruption rate calculation. These choices affect subsequent inputs (see middle column).