











### Learning in multisensory environments:

Individual differences. Developmental trajectories.

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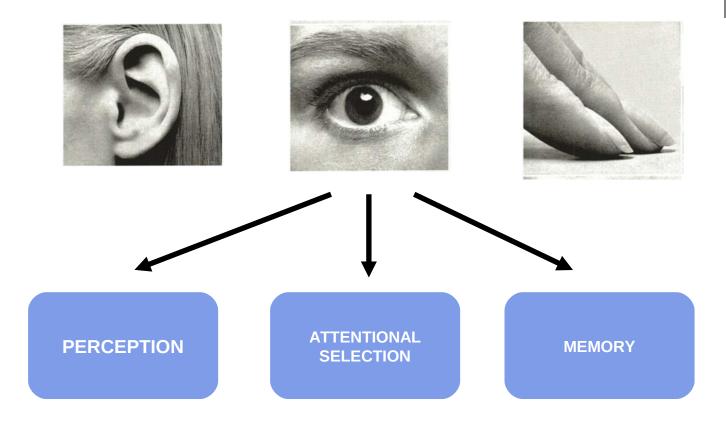






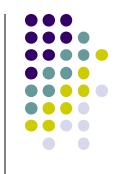




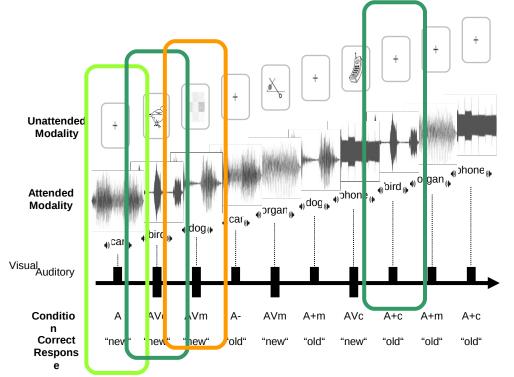


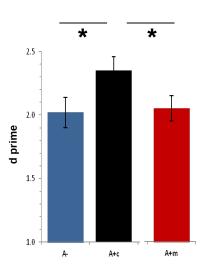


# MULTISENSORY PROCESSING FOR LEARNING: Only learnt benefit?





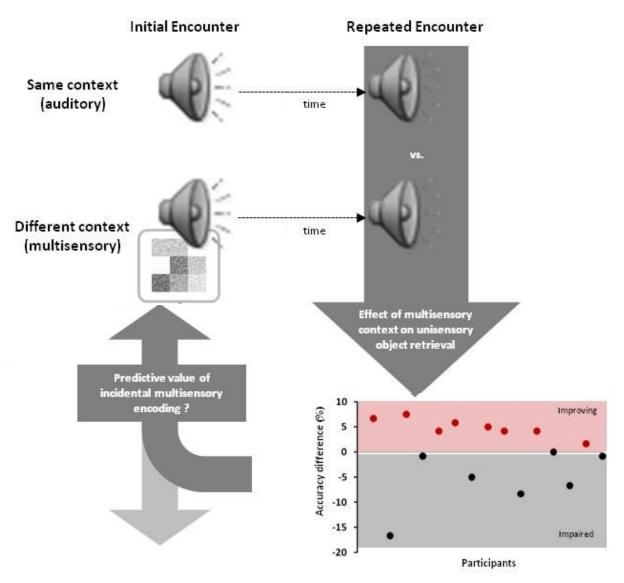






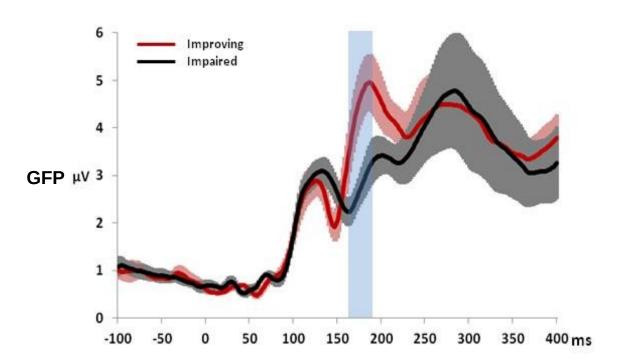


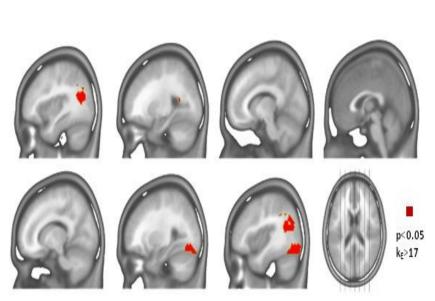


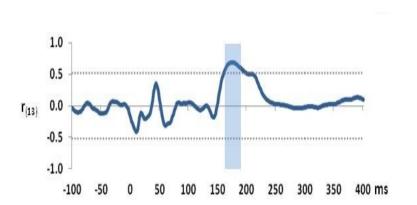




Thelen\*, Matusz\*, Murray (2014 CB)







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#### LEARNING FOR MULTISENSORY PROCESSING ..FOR LEARNING



- Some multisensory processes (that affect learning) likely not critically dependent on it;
  - arbitrary multisensory pairings OK
  - can affect (ie. facilitate) learning **involuntarily**, despite irrelevance of the multisensory 'exposure' context
  - sensitive to individual factors **state or trait??** but presence of benefits **predictable**.
- Some multisensory processes facilitating learning do depend on learning;
  - learnt, naturally co-occurring audiovisual pairings, eg. naturalistic objects (living, man-made)
  - affect learning involuntarily across individuals
  - What exactly can learning change in the processing of such pairing?

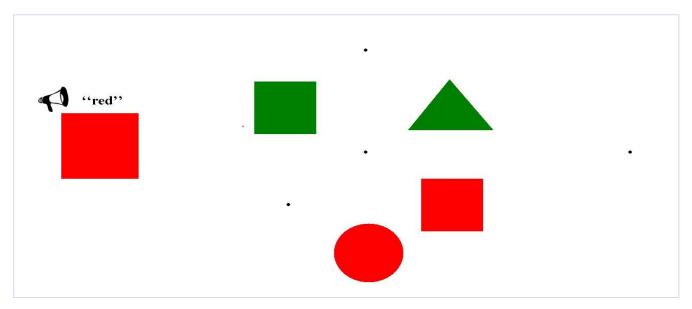


### Learning for multisensory processing: THE MECHANISM(S)





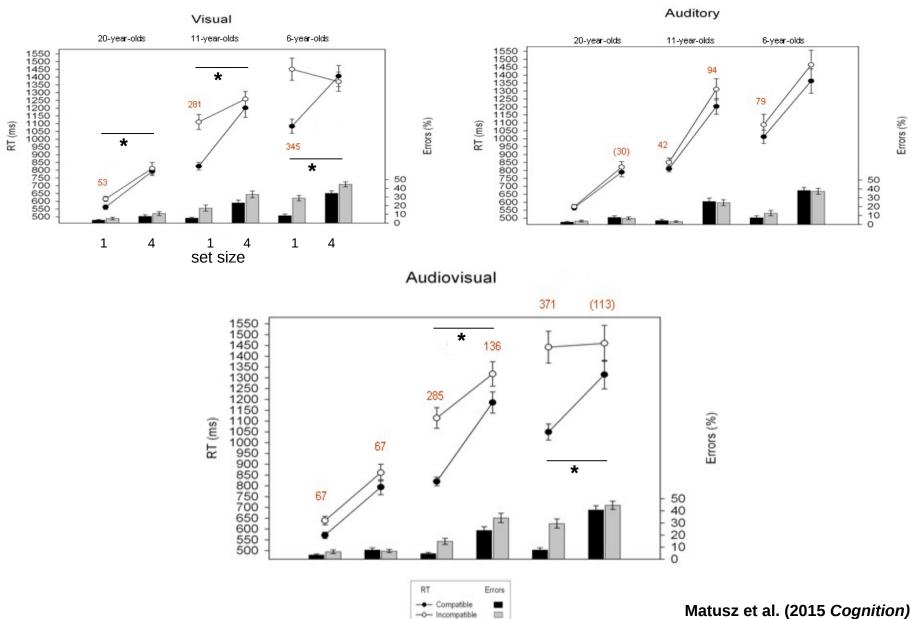




Adaptated fromLavie & Cox (1997)

Does limited selective attention reduce children's distraction from MS distractors when the selective task becomes demanding?





-O- Incompatible

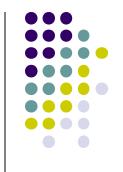


# LEARNING FOR MULTISENSORY PROCESSING ...FOR LEARNING CONCLUSIONS



- Studying learning in within-modal contexts may portray **inaccurate picture** on the information processing in the real world: Object processing & learning follows different rules in multisensory contexts.
- Multisensory processing **typically makes learning 'easier'** no need for the intent to benefit from the multitude of sources of information.

- In turn, learning facilitates the multisensory processing that robustly facilitates learning.
- How? Multisensory object representations likely become activated involuntarily with experience (learning).



Thank you for your attention! ©