

Critical-subcritical moments of moments of random matrices

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Random Matrices and Random Landscapes
Conference in honour of Yan Fyodorov's 60th birthday

Joint work with Jon Keating

RMT: some number-theoretic motivations

U_N : Haar-distributed unitary matrix of size $N \times N$.

$$|\det(I_N - e^{-i\theta} U_N)| \stackrel{N \sim \log \frac{T}{2\pi}}{\longleftrightarrow} \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + iTU + x\right) \right|, \quad U \sim \text{Uniform}[0, 1].$$

- Montgomery–Dyson: correlation functions \leftrightarrow sine kernel.
- Keating–Snaith: moments of ζ .
 - ▶ RMT result: $\mathbb{E}_{U(N)} \left[|\det(I_N - e^{-i\theta} U_N)|^{2s} \right] \stackrel{N \rightarrow \infty}{\sim} C_s N^{s^2}$.
 - ▶ NT conjecture: $\mathbb{E} \left[\left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2} + iTU\right) \right|^{2s} \right] \stackrel{T \rightarrow \infty}{\sim} A_s C_s \left(\log \frac{T}{2\pi} \right)^{s^2}$.

Moments of moments

Recent years: statistical behaviour of ζ on a 'short interval' of the critical line, e.g.

$$\log \left| \zeta \left(\frac{1}{2} + i(TU + t) \right) \right|, \quad t \in [0, 1].$$

as $T \rightarrow \infty$.

- Fyodorov–Keating: a good model could be

$$\log |\det (I_N - e^{-i\theta} U_N)|, \quad \theta \in [0, 2\pi], \quad N \sim \log \frac{T}{2\pi} \rightarrow \infty.$$

- Moments of moments: for $k, s \geq 0$ we want to study

$$\text{MoM}_{U(N)}(k, s) := \mathbb{E}_{U(N)} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} |\det (I_N - e^{-i\theta} U_N)|^{2s} d\theta \right)^k \right]$$

as $N \rightarrow \infty$.

Fyodorov–Keating conjecture

$\text{MoM}_{U(N)}(k, s)$

$$N \xrightarrow{\sim} \infty \begin{cases} \left(\frac{G(1+s)^2}{G(1+2s)\Gamma(1-s^2)} \right)^k \Gamma(1-ks^2) N^{ks^2}, & k < 1/s^2, \\ c_{k,s} N^{k^2 s^2 - k + 1}, & k > 1/s^2. \end{cases}$$

- $k, s \in \mathbb{N}$: Bailey–Keating (2019), Assiotis–Keating (2020).
- $k \in \mathbb{N}, s \geq 0$: Claeys–Krasovsky (2015), Fahs (2019).
- What about $k = 1/s^2$?

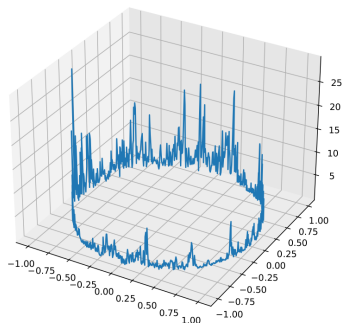


Figure: A realisation of $|\det(I_N - e^{-i\theta} U_N)|^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$, $N = 1000$

Theorem (Keating–W' 2022)

Let $k \geq 2$ by any integer. Then

$$\text{MoM}_{U(N)} \left(k, \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}} \right) \stackrel{N \rightarrow \infty}{\sim} \frac{k-1}{\Gamma(1 - \frac{1}{k})^k} \left[\frac{G(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{k}})^2}{G(1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{k}})} \right]^k N \log N.$$

(Conjecture: same expression holds for any $k > 1$.)

Ingredients: a preview

- Log-characteristic polynomial \leftrightarrow (mollified) log-correlated Gaussian field.
- $\text{MoM}_{U(N)} \leftrightarrow$ moments of Gaussian multiplicative chaos (GMCs)
 - ▶ Analysis of exponential functional of Brownian motion
 - ▶ **Fyodorov–Bouchaud formula**: exact integrability of 1d GMC.